## **PROCEEDINGS**

OF THE

## BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON

## GENERAL NOTES.

## THE NAMES FOR TWO GENERA OF AFRICAN ARTIODACTYLA.

The generic name Koiropotamus Gray, 1843 (List Spec. Mamm. Brit. Mus., p. xxvii), is usually cited as a nomen nudum, but proves on examination to be a valid name. Although printed in one place in the body of the text as "Choiro potamus," it appears in the "Systematic List" in the front of the book and in the index as Koiropotamus only, and was evidently taken direct from the specific name koïro potamus of Desmoulins. As Choiro potamus, in the body of the text (p. 185), it has been accepted as a valid name, but has been considered as preoccupied by Chaeropotamus, "Cuvier, 1821," which name in reality first dates as a technical name for a fossil pig, not from Cuvier, but from Desmarest, 1822 (Mammalogie, vol. 2, suppl., p. 544). In 1854, when he proposed the substitute name Potamocharus, Gray cited in synonymy from his 1843 work the name Koiropotamus only, and took Choiropotamus Gray from the Annals and Magazine of Natural History for October, 1852. It seems clear that Choiropotamus Gray, 1843, is a lapsus for Koiropotamus in the same work; that no error of transcription, lapsus calami, nor typographical error is evident in the case of Koiropotamus, since it was taken direct from the specific name korropotamus of Desmoulins; and that the generic name Koiropotamus Grav is not invalidated by the earlier Chaeropotamus of Desmarest. The bush pigs would rightly be known, then, by the generic name Koiropotamus Gray (type Sus africanus Schreber, not Gmelin, = Sus koiro potamus Desmoulins).

Another genus of African ungulates that through error lost the name first proposed for it is that currently known as *Bubalis*. It was first named *Alcelaphus* by Blainville in 1816 (Bull. Soc. Philom., p. 75), type *A. busela-phus*. Later names, all with the same type species, are *Bubalis* Goldfuss, 1820 (Handb. Zool., vol. 2, p. 367); *Damalis* Hamilton Smith, 1827 (Griffith's Cuvier, vol. 4, p. 343); *Acronotus* Hamilton Smith, 1827 (l. c., p. 346); and *Bubalus* Ogilby, 1837 (Proc. Zool. Soc. London, 1836, p. 139; not of Smith, 1827). The name recently used for the genus, "*Bubalis* Lichtenstein, 1814," is not a valid generic name (see Lyon, Proc. Biol. Soc. Washington, vol. 27, p. 228, 1914). With the suppression of *Bubalis* Lichtenstein, it follows that the generic name for the hartebeests, instead of becoming *Bubalis* Goldfuss, should revert to the time honored *Alcelaphus* of Blainville, so long in use before it was erroneously supplanted by *Bubalis*.

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